

SERVICE MANUAL



MRH-45

LOW SPEED HIGH TORQUE
HYDRAULIC MOTOR
HYDROSTAR

INSTALLATION

MOUNTING

The coupling used on the motor shaft should have a Brinell Hardness rating of 200 or more. Spline couplings are available from your distributor of HYDROSTAR motors.

Coupling (female) specifications:

Involute spline SAEJ498b

Taper shaft 1/10 Taper \pm 42 seconds

Recommended tightening torque:

Nut of taper shaft coupling (1-1/2"-6 UNC) = 345 Ft. Lbs.

Mounting bolts (5/8" Grade 5) = 150 Ft. Lbs.

Shaft end bolts of S-type spline (3/8"-24 UNF) = 40 Ft. Lbs.

Shaft end bolts of E-type spline shaft

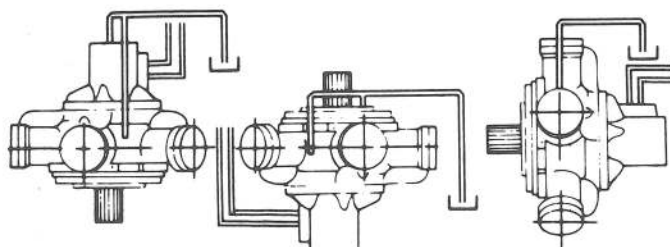
(1/2"-20 UNF) = 80 Ft. Lbs.

The eccentricity of the shaft and the coupling should be within 0.002" TIR when the shaft is directly connected to the driven shaft.

When assembling the coupling to the motor do not use force. If difficulty is encountered, check the motor's shaft and coupling for burrs or nicks. File smooth the interference. If this doesn't solve the problem, check for size; correctly mated parts will assemble without any pressure. The pilot diameter of the mounting bracket is 8.881/8.878 in normal use. For applications where shocks or frequent reversal operation is anticipated, the clearance of the motor pilot diameter and the mounting bracket should be within 0.003" TIR. Maintain lubrication between shaft and coupling.

PIPING

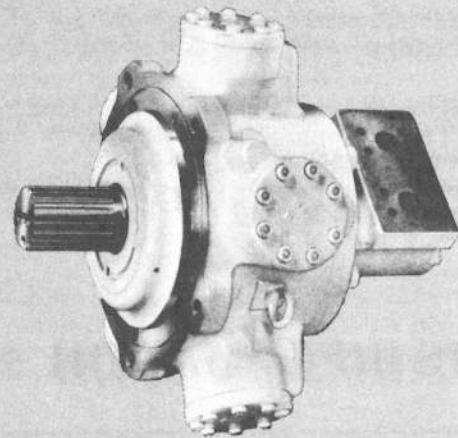
All parts inside the motor are oil lubricated, therefore it is necessary to fill the motor crank case through the highest drain port with clean oil before operating motor. Return lines from the drain ports should be piped directly back to the tank without any restrictions. **CAUTION:** When motor operates with shaft up, an air bleed should be installed through the adjustment plate to insure lubrication of the front bearing. Consult KYB for information. The typical ways for piping lines are:



Shaft down

Shaft up

Side ways



SPECIFICATIONS

Displacement volume	45.5 IN ³ /REV.
Maximum continuous pressure	3570 PSI
Intermittent peak pressure	4000 PSI
Maximum continuous back pressure	350 PSI
Maximum intermittent back pressure	1000 PSI
Maximum continuous output torque	2040 FT.-LBS.
Starting torque at 3570 PSI	1720 FT.-LBS.
Maximum continuous speed	400 RPM
Maximum continuous power	120 HP
Moment of inertia (GD ²)	325 LB.-IN ²
Maximum fluid temperature	175°F
Dry weight	275 LBS.

Internal crank case drain pressure should not exceed 15 psi.

Use 1/2" drain pipe for this model and should not exceed 30 feet.

The oil level of the reservoir should not exceed 15 feet over the motor if the reservoir is located above. If the motor is located above the reservoir, piping should be looped higher than the motor crank case.

BACK PRESSURE

The motor should be operating under sufficient back pressure, though the HYDROSTAR motor can withstand limited vacuum pressure. This consideration insures smooth and safe operation and protects the whole hydraulic system from noise and vibration breakage. The required minimum back pressure is a half of idling pressure plus case pressure. (Refer to MRH-45 individual catalog in detail.) In any condition, the back pressure should not exceed 1000 psi intermittently or 350 psi continuously.

FILTRATION

In most applications 100 mesh strainer and 25 micron filter is acceptable for HYDROSTAR motors. But it is advisable to determine the filtration required by the pump manufacturer because pumps are more critical against the contamination rather than motors.

HYDRAULIC FLUID RECOMMENDATION

The fluid selected should be a good grade non-detergent mineral oil with additives added for wear resistance, anti-foam, anti-rust, anti-oxidation and extreme pressure. Minimum viscosity of the hydraulic fluid is 120 SUS. However, it is recommendable for continuous operation to maintain the viscosity between 165 and 345. Viscosity index of 100 or more is desirable.

The HYDROSTAR motors can be used with special fluids such as phosphate ester, water oil emulsion or water glycol.

If the fluid used is phosphate ester, then viton O-rings and shaft seals are required and the supplier must be made aware of this need.

For water oil emulsions and water glycol the system pressure must be restricted to 2,000 psi.

START-UP

When the motor is required to rotate clockwise, connect the pressure line to the oil port "R", embossed on the side of valve housing. Just reverse the connections if direction changes.

Air must be completely purged from the hydraulic system otherwise the hydraulic components will be subject to failure. The HYDROSTAR motor may be purged by operating for a while under no load, removing air by venting piping at highest point. Check also that no air bubbles are present in the tank before beginning the operation.

Make sure all connections are tight.

PARTS INFORMATION PART LIST (STANDARD MOTOR)

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	GRADE
1	Motor Housing	1	C
2	Valve Housing	1	C
3	Valve Bearing	1	C
4	Rotary Valve	1	C
5	Valve Seal	6	C
6	Valve Bearing	1	C
7	Valve End Cap	1	D
8S	Crank Shaft	1	C
8T	Crank Shaft	1	C
8E	Crank Shaft	1	C
9	Crank Shaft Front Bearing	1	C
10	Crank Shaft Rear Bearing	1	C
11	Oldham Coupling	1	D
12	Connecting Rod	5	B
13	Piston	5	
14	Piston Ring	10	C
15	Con. Rod-Piston Collar	5 Set	D
16	Cylinder Cap	5	D
17	Con. Rod Retaining Ring	2	C
18	Front Cover	1	D
19	Adjustment Plate	1	D
19NC	Adjustment Plate	1	D
24	Shaft Seal	1	A
24NC	Shaft Seal	1	A

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	GRADE
25	"O" Ring—Front Cover	1	A
26	"O" Ring—Valve Housing	1	A
27	"O" Ring—Valve End Cap	1	A
28	"O" Ring—Cylinder Cap	5	A
29	"O" Ring—Inter. Oil Passage	5	A
31	Snap Ring—Valve Housing	1	D
32	Snap Ring—Piston	5	D
34	Socket Head Cap Screw	5	D
35	Socket Head Cap Screw	40	D
36	Socket Head Cap Screw	4	D
37	Socket Head Cap Screw	5	D
42	Drain Plug	2	D
43	Eye Bolt	1	D
52T	Hexagon Nut	1	D
53T	Spring Washer	1	D
54T	Plain Washer	1	D
55T	Key	1	C
74	"O" Ring—Adjustment Plate	1	A
75	Socket Headless Set Screw	1	D
76	Lock Fastener	1	A
92	"O" Ring—Drain Plug	2	A
93	Drain Plug	1	D
94	"O" Ring—Drain Plug	1	A

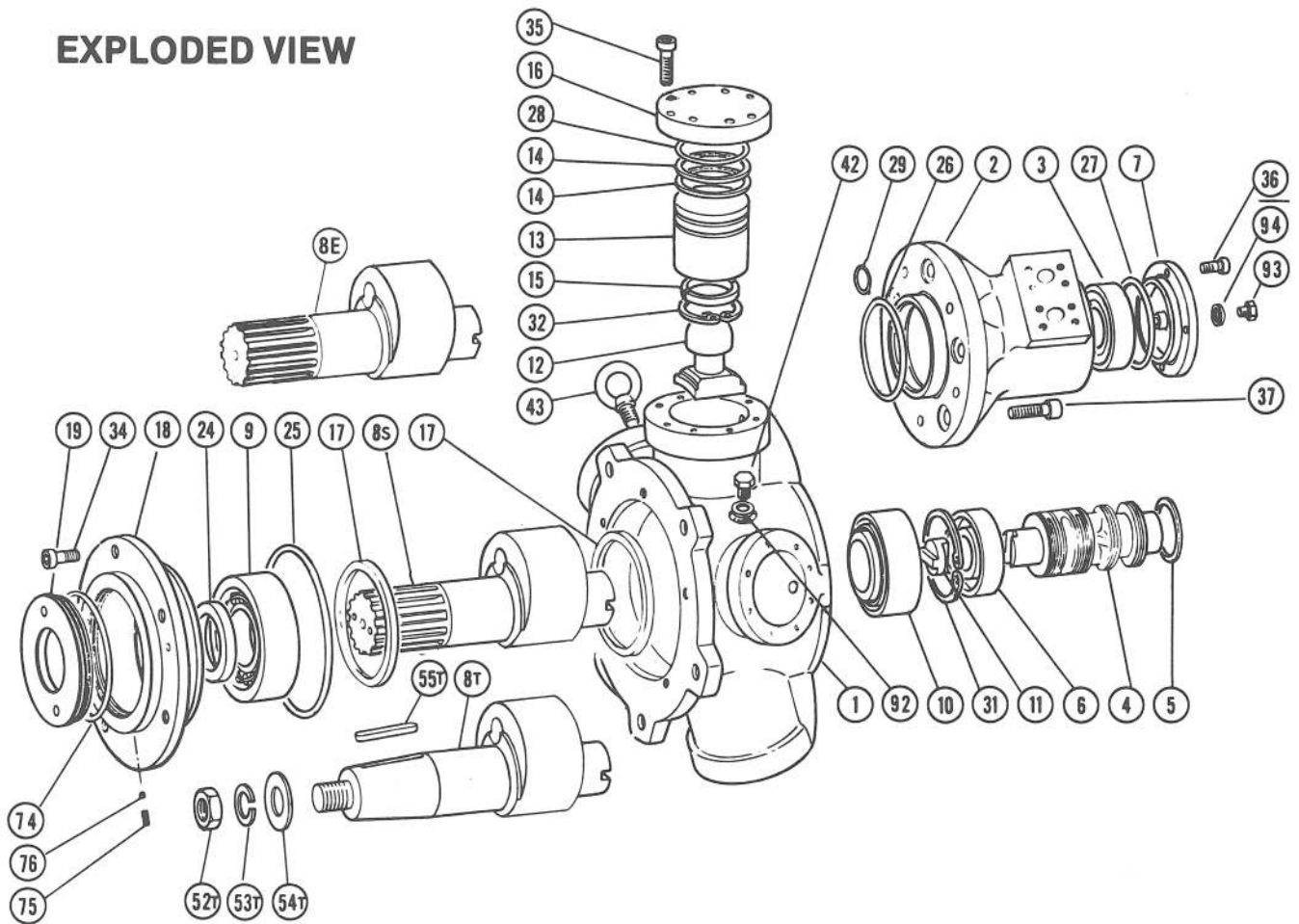
- Notes: 1. Suffix S . . . Only S-type spline shaft
 Suffix T . . . Only Taper shaft
 Suffix E . . . Only E-type spline shaft
 Suffix NC . . . Only high pressure shaft seal type motor.
2. Grade A . . . These parts should be replaced whenever the motor is disassembled.
 Grade B . . . These parts should be replaced only as matching pairs and will probably need replacement during the life period of the motor.
 Grade C . . . These parts will probably need replacement during the life period of the motor.
 Grade D . . . These parts seldom, if ever, require replacement.

3. Recommended Tightening Torques

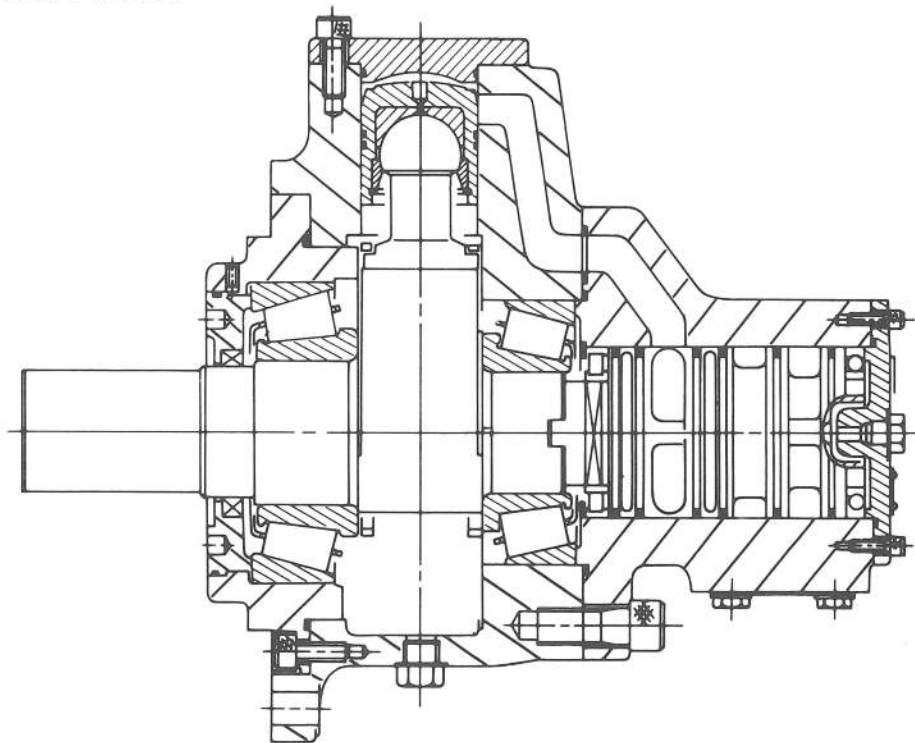
Item 34	M-10	42 ± 2 Ft.-Lbs.
Item 35	M-10	42 ± 2 Ft.-Lbs.
Item 36	M-8	22 ± 2 Ft.-Lbs.
Item 37	M-18	174 ± 5 Ft.-Lbs.
Item 52T	1-1/2"-UNC	345 ± 5 Ft.-Lbs.
Item 75	M-6	8.4 ± 0.5 Ft.-Lbs.

4. For part for motors other than described here, please contact KYB Corp.

EXPLODED VIEW



SECTIONAL VIEW



SERVICE INFORMATION

REPAIRING MOTORS UNDER WARRANTY

Repair work is not to be attempted by anyone other than the personnel of KYB Corporation of America unless otherwise agreed, or work should be entrusted to the repair shops designated by KYB Corporation of America.

The claims under warranty can not be entertained if the motor in question is repaired by the customer.

PREPARATION

Before removing the motor from the installation, drain all oil within, then cover the oil port area to prevent foreign particles from entering the motor. Before disassembling the motor, clean outside of the motor thoroughly by washing with clean solvent.

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

1. Front Cover

- (a) Position the motor shaft up and remove the Socket Head Cap Screws (34), using an Allen wrench. Insert two Jacking Screws (M10P1.5) in the tapped holes of the Front Cover (18), then evenly retract the front cover. At this time, pay attention not to damage the shaft and the shaft seal.
- (b) Remove the Set Screws (75) and unscrew the Adjustment Plate (19) from the front cover. Remove the O-ring (25), (74), the Shaft Seal (24) and the outer cup of the Front Bearing (9).

2. Cylinder Cap

- (a) Remove the Socket Head Cap Screws (35) on each Cylinder Cap (16).
- (b) Using a screw driver, remove the cylinder caps from the Motor Housing (1). Check to be sure no damage occurred to the O-rings (28) underneath the cylinder caps.

3. Crank Shaft

- (a) Remove the Front Retaining Ring (17) and lift the connecting Rods (12) clear of the Rear Retaining Ring (17).
- (b) Lift out the Crank Shaft (8), then remove the Rear Retaining Ring (17) and Oldham Coupling (11).
- (c) Use a hammer and brass bar rod to remove the Bearings (9), (10) from the crank shaft.
- (d) Care must be taken during the process not to damage the machined surfaces of the crank shaft and connecting rods.

4. Connecting Rod and Piston Assembly

- (a) Remove the piston assembly (12), (13), (14), (15), (32) from the motor housing by pulling the pistons toward the center of the motor.
- (b) Position the Piston Assembly, Connecting Rod (12) up, and use snap ring pliers to remove the Snap Ring (32). Remove the two Con Rod-Piston Collars (15) and pull the connecting rod away from the Piston (13).
- (c) Use piston ring expander to remove the Piston Rings (14) from piston.

5. Valve Housing

- (a) Position the motor so that the Valve Housing (2) is up. Be sure not to damage the machined surface on the bottom side.

- (b) Use an Allen wrench to remove the Socket Head Cap Screws (37).
- (c) Remove the Valve Housing (2) from the Motor Housing (1).
- (d) Use an Allen wrench to remove the Socket Head Cap Screws (36) and remove the Valve End Cap (7) from the valve housing. Then press Rotary Valve (4) out from the valve housing toward the valve end cap until the Valve Bearing (3) comes out from the valve housing. Pull out the Rotary Valve (4) with the valve bearing. Valve Seals (5) on the rotary valve can be easily removed using the piston ring expander.
- (e) Use the snap ring plier to remove the Snap Ring (31) and press the Bearing (6) out from the Valve Housing (2).

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

1. Valve Housing

- (a) Insert the Valve Seals (5) into the grooves of the Rotary Valve (4). The Valve Bearing (6) is pressed into the valve housing and is held by the Snap Ring (31).
- (b) Insert the Rotary Valve (4) into the valve housing from the valve end cap side by squeezing the valve seals with piston ring compressor. Then press the Valve Bearing (3) into the valve housing.
- (c) Place the O-ring (27) into the recess in the face of the Valve End Cap (7) and install on the valve housing. Place O-rings (26), (29) in the face of the Valve Housing (2). Install onto the Motor Housing (1).

2. Connecting Rod and Piston Assembly

Place the Piston Rings (14) into the grooves of the Piston (13). Insert the Connecting Rod (12) into the piston and assemble together with Collars (15) and Snap Ring (32). Insert the Piston Assembly (12), (13), (14), (15), (32) into the cylinder bores from inside of the motor housing with piston ring compressor.

3. Crank Shaft

Press the outer cup of the Bearing (10) into the Motor Housing (1) and the inner races of the bearings onto the Crank Shaft (8). Place the Oldham Coupling (11) on the rotary valve with surface "L" stamped up. Insert the crank shaft into the motor housing after positioning the Retaining Rings (17) inside the motor housing. Make sure to line the "L" stamped on the rotary valve and the oldham coupling with the center of the crank shaft cam. Position the connecting rods onto the crank shaft cam and retain them by Retaining Rings (17).

4. Front Cover

Press the outer cup of the Bearing (9) into the Front Cover (18). Insert the O-ring (25), install the front cover to the motor housing. Press the Shaft Seal (24) into the Adjustment Plate (19). Placing the O-ring (74), tighten the adjustment plate to the front cover until the movement of the crank shaft becomes 11 to 15 ft.-lbs. Insert Lock Fastener (76) into the threaded hole of the adjustment plate and tighten Set Screw (75). This is to prevent the adjustment plate from loosening.

5. Cylinder Cap

Cover Cylinder Caps (16) on each cylinder bore. Make sure not to damage O-ring (28) when assembling.

RETURNING OF MOTORS UNDER WARRANTY FOR REPAIR

All motors or parts which have failed and are returned to KYB Corporation must arrive freight prepaid.

The repairing of HYDROSTAR motors or parts that failed, must be done by KYB Corporation of America or repair shops designated acceptable by KYB Corporation. Claims for warranty will not be accepted if repair is done by the customer or an unauthorized repair center. Prior arrangements should be made for the return of the motor by contacting the KYB Corporation Service Department before shipment is made by the customer.

Damage or loss of returned articles in transit will be the responsibility of the buyer.

Motors or parts deemed defective and returned for warranty consideration or repair to KYB Corporation must be accompanied by the buyers purchase order (and/or debit memo) if applicable. The purchase order must include shipping instructions and accompany all articles returned, even though in-warranty repairs will be performed at no charge to the buyer.

It is the buyers responsibility to assure that sufficient information accompanies the returned motor to enable warranty determination to be made. The following information must accompany each unit returned.

1. Customer
2. Date of retail sale
3. Date of unit failure
4. Motor model number and serial number
5. Reason for return or rejection

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Motor will not turn on, operates erratically

Cause	Solution
1. Overloaded	Reduce the load, or if there is a pressure control, increase the pressure as much as acceptable with factory. Consult the local distributor if either action does not correct the situation.
2. Insufficient system pressure across the motor port.	Check pump and/or relief valve for deterioration. Check to see if there is any passage open to tank.
3. Crank shaft loose in the bearing.	Adjust the adjustment plate so that movement of crankshaft is matched with specific torque. (Refer to page 4).
4. Oil viscosity is too high or too low.	Check the oil viscosity and system temperature. (Refer to page 2).
5. Stall when starting or during at low speed operation.	Adjust the relief valve in the system to increase the pressure enough for shaft to turn.
6. Shaft coupling defective.	Adjust or replace if necessary.
7. Oldham coupling broken.	Replace the coupling.

Motor falls off under load

Cause	Solution
1. Insufficient oil inflow	Check pump output, incorrect speed of primary power and for relief valve leakage. Correct any failures.
2. Excessive oil leakage inside the motor. <ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Oil viscosity too low and/or high oil temperature.b. Wear or damage in the rotary valve, piston or piston rings.	<p>Operate at lower temperature or replace with fluid having a viscosity 165 to 345 SUS.</p> <p>Repair or replace the damaged and worn parts. (Refer to page 4).</p>

Direction of rotation reverse

Cause	Solution
1. Piping reverse	Correct by reverse plumbing to ports. Disassemble, reverse valve to correct the positioning.

Oil Leakage

Cause	Solution
1. Shaft seal damaged.	Replace the shaft seal.
2. Reversal of shaft seal lip.	Check crank case pressure and increase of drain port plumbing if less than port opening. (Refer to page 1).

WARRANTY POLICY HYDROSTAR MOTORS

Warranty	<p>KYB Corporation of America warrants that, at the time of shipment to the Buyer, all HYDROSTAR motors will be free of defects in materials and workmanship and will conform to such drawings and specifications as defined by the purchase agreement of said shipment.</p> <p>In full settlement of its obligations under this or any other warranty expressed, or implied, KYB Corporation of America agrees to replace or correct any defective article or part thereof provided notice of such defect is received in writing prior to expiration of the "Warranty time period" as described herein, and provided such defective article is made available for inspection by KYB Corporation of America.</p>
Return Under Warranty	<p>At KYB Corporation of America's request, it is the responsibility of the Buyer to return the defective article freight prepaid to KYB Corporation of America for inspection. If upon inspection said article is found to be defective, it shall be replaced, repaired or the purchase price refunded at KYB Corporation of America's option. Should the article be found defective in material or workmanship, KYB Corporation of America will credit the buyer for prepaid freight incurred in returning the defective article for inspection, and return the article prepaid by surface transportation per shipping instructions on Buyer's purchase order.</p> <p>KYB Corporation of America's liability under this warranty is limited to the correction or replacement of the defective article, or KYB Corporation of America's option to a refund of the purchase price. Under no circumstances shall KYB Corporation of America be liable for consequential damages.</p>
Labor Exclusion	<p>KYB Corporation of America shall not be liable for labor costs for removal or reinstalling defective articles or parts thereof. If the Buyer grants a warranty on such articles of greater scope than indicated above, the Buyer will assume the burden of such greater warranty and hold KYB Corporation of America harmless from any claims of third parties based upon such extended warranty.</p>

WARRANTY TIME LIMITATIONS

I. All HYDROSTAR Models

- (1) Six (6) months from the date of first use or
- (2) Twelve (12) months from date of first shipment from KYB Corporation of America, whichever period expires first.
- (3) An article may be repaired more than once under this warranty, but the maximum cumulative time period for this warranty shall be eighteen (18) months from date of first shipment from KYB Corporation of America.

II. Service Parts

- (1) Six (6) months from date of shipment from KYB Corporation of America.